NMR OHS Induction Form



*Register on-line https://	acls.analytical.unsw.edu.au/		
*First name:	Middle initial:	*Surname:	
*zID Number:	*E-mail:		
*Type of Research: (e.g	.: Hons, PhD, Postdoc…):		
*Supervisor's Name:			
Send NMR bill to (Name	ə):	(if <u>no</u>	<u>t</u> your Supervisor)
*All users must provide	e the following account information	on (please consult superviso	r):
Fund:	Dept. ID:	Project No:	
		I	

Usage Requirements (tick box/s 🗹):

Solution Auto - Training is offered on the day of NMR Induction

1) 300MHz and 400MHz (AutoSamplers) (complete pages 3, 4, 5 and 6 only) Contact Dr Adelle Amoore (ext:

54705 <u>a.amoore@unsw.edu.au</u>) if you require these instruments.

Solution Manual - One-one training must be organised with Dr Donald Thomas (ext: 54706 <u>donald.thomas@unsw.edu.au</u>) or Dr Doug Lawes (ext: 54705 <u>d.lawes@unsw.edu.au</u>) if you require these instruments.

2) 400MHz / 500MHz / 600MHz / 600MHz (Cyroprobe NMR) (complete pages 3, 4, 5 and 6 only)

Solid State - Contact Dr Aditya Rawal (ext: 54616 <u>a.rawal@unsw.edu.au</u>) if you require these instruments.

3) 300MHz / 700MHz (complete page 3 and 6 only)

EPR - Contact Di	r Donald Thomas (ext: 54706	donald.thomas@unsw.edu.au)	if you red	quire use of this instrument.
------------------	-----------------------------	----------------------------	------------	-------------------------------

4) EPR (complete page 3 and 6 only)

CryoMill - Contact Dr Aditya Rawal (ext: 54616 <u>a.rawal@unsw.edu.au</u>) if you require usage for this instrument.

5) Spex – CryoMill (complete page 3, & 6 and obtain a room B55 lab induction form from staff member)

Your signature:	Date:		
*Supervisor's signature:	Date:		
*: Indicating the compulsory data fields Office Use Only		# PICTURE NUMBER:	
GYRO: O RABI: O ACLS: O SWIPE CARD ACCESS: O CONFORMATION SENT TO USER:	0	# USER CODE:	
OHS INDUCTION: O MICRO ACCESS: O USERS ALIAS:			

SAFETY IN THE NMR FACILITY

(Retain this page for your own records)

This is a magnet (see photo below), it is part of a Nuclear Magnetic Resonance Spectrometer (NMR). The NMR Facility (room B41, Building F10) currently houses 9 NMRs.



The main safety concerns are:

- A) The NMR magnets produce a <u>strong magnetic</u> <u>environment</u> (see Strong Magnetic Fields) and they attract metal objects such as tools, spanners, key-rings, paper clips, hairpins and umbrellas;
- B) The NMR magnets are filled with <u>cryogens</u>, which are liquids that are very cold, namely, liquid helium and liquid nitrogen (see Cryogens). Cryogens may cause <u>skin burns on contact</u> when in liquid form or may cause suffocation when in gas form and in large volumes, in a confined space.

Strong Magnetic Fields

The NMR magnets are ALWAYS ON, which means they cannot be switched off. Strong magnetic environments are produced

outside each NMR magnet; therefore, movable metal objects MUST NOT be taken within a 2 to 5 metre safety radius of each magnet (marked by <u>red chains</u>). Small, sharp metal objects flying towards the NMR magnets are highly dangerous. Larger metal objects can cause <u>fatal injuries</u> and seriously damage the magnets (cost of repairs or replacement can exceed \$200,000). Very large metal objects have been known to destroy NMR magnets resulting in the large-scale release of cryogens (See Quench).

• Persons fitted with pacemakers should not enter rooms containing the NMR spectrometers.

• Persons fitted with metallic implants and prostheses should not get closer than the 2 to 5 metre safety radius of each NMR magnet (that is, they must stay outside the <u>red chains</u>).

• The magnetic environment may permanently damage analogue watches, calculators, credit cards and mobile phones. Keep those items more than 2 to 5 metres away from the centre of NMR magnets (that is, keep items outside the <u>red chains</u>).

Cryogens

Cryogens are liquids that boil at very, very low temperatures, for example, **-268 degrees Celsius** for liquid helium and **-196 degrees Celsius** for liquid nitrogen. All NMR magnets use <u>liquid helium</u> and <u>liquid nitrogen</u> to maintain superconductivity.

NMR Quench (watch an example YouTube video here: https://youtu.be/tPqduF5xB-o

A quench is the <u>rapid release of gaseous cryogens</u> (helium and nitrogen) from inside the NMR magnet into the room; all personnel should **evacuate the NMR laboratory IMMEDIATELY**. A quench is identifiable by the <u>noise</u> of the escaping gas and <u>clouds of vapour</u>. Four oxygen meters are also distributed in room B41 (please ask a staff member for their locations) and will sense any drop in oxygen levels, activating an <u>alarm</u>.

2

NMR Induction Safety Quiz

Please complete Q1 -5 in YOUR own time

Please arrive at least 15 mins before the start of the induction to complete Q6 - 9

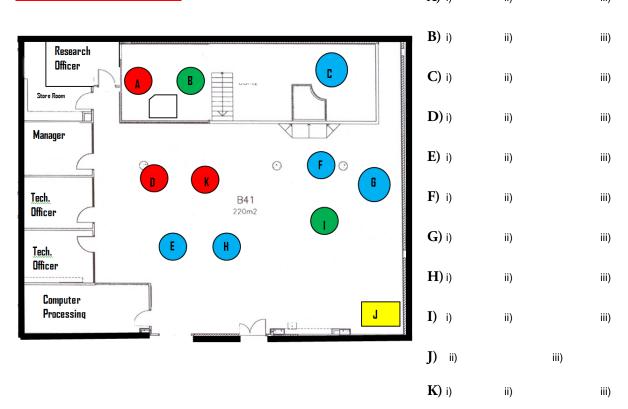
- 1) What is the purpose of the plastic red chain?
- 2) Can you list three objects that should NOT pass inside the plastic red chain?

3) What is a cryogen? Name the two liquid cryogens used in NMR magnets and their potential hazards.

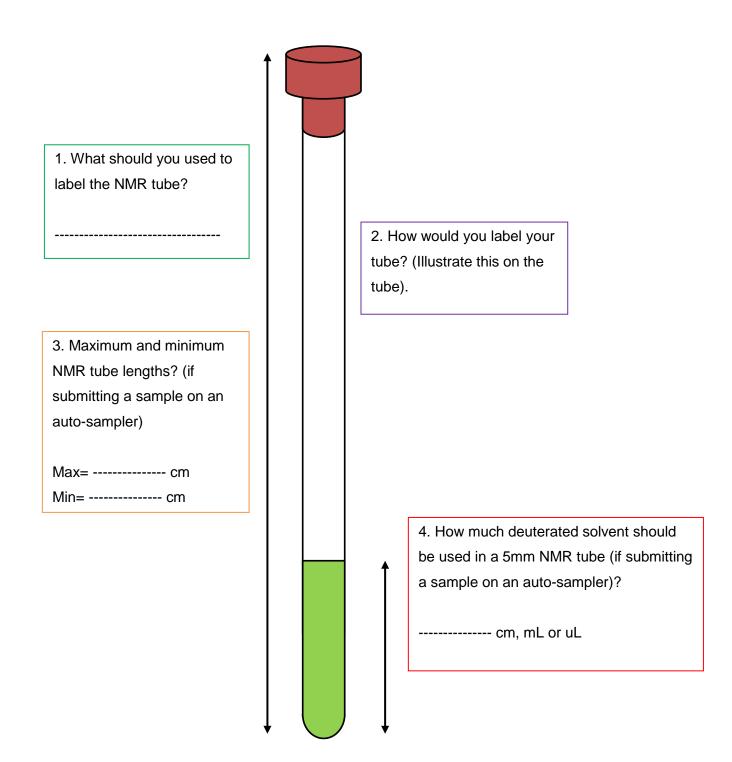
- 4) What is a NMR quench? What should one do in an event of a NMR quench?
- 5) Lab coats, food, drinks and plastic/latex gloves should **NOT** enter the NMR Lab (**B41**).
- C True C False
- 6) Indicate the location of items a to g on the map below (<u>Please arrive at least 15 mins before the</u> start of the induction in order to locate the items below):

a. 2 x Fire blankets	b. 2 x Fire extinguishers	c. 1 x Emergency Exits
d. First aid box	e. 1 x Broken glass bin	f. telephone (in B41)
g. 3 x UNSW Emergency Procedure Posters (all in B41)		

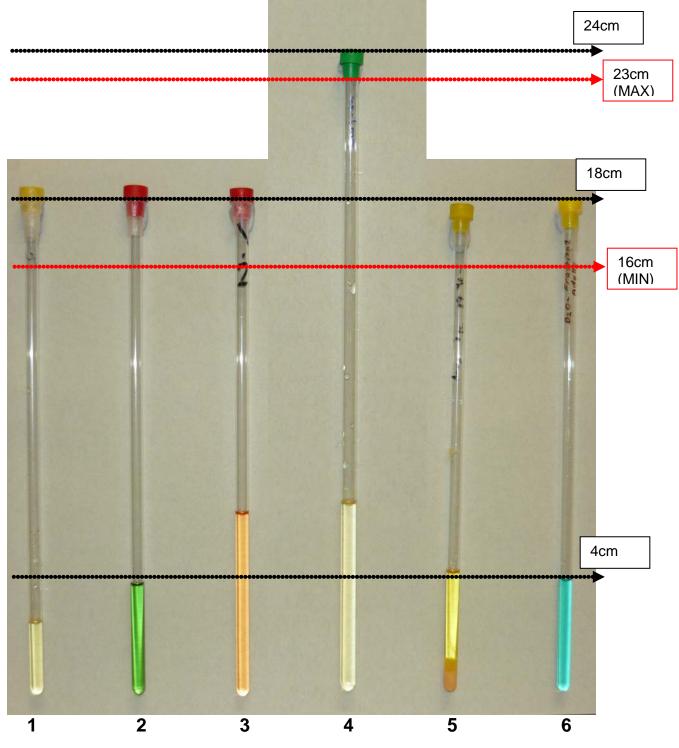
For each instrument, indicate i) field strength in MHz, ii) main function/s (solution or solid) and
iii) the instrument's nickname. (Please arrive at least 15 mins before the start of the induction to compete this question).



8) How to prepare a perfect NMR tube for analysis (answers can be located near the broken glass bin). (Please arrive at least 15 mins before the start of the induction in order to complete this question).



- 9) These samples were prepared for the auto-sampler. What's wrong with samples 1-5? (Please arrive at least 15 mins before the start of the induction in order to complete this question).
 - Tube 1-
 - Tube 2-
 - Tube 3-
 - Tube 4-
 - Tube 5-
 - Tube 6- "the perfect sample"



Nuclear Magnetic Resonance

OHS Induction Form- New User



This page MUST be read and each box ticked by the users seeking NMR access. If any of these statements below are unclear please discuss with the NMR staff.

Your details:		
Name:		
Doquiromonto		

New users are made aware of: (tick when completed))
Swipe card access to B41 (NMR) will be activated on completion of this induction and registration.	\Box
Users may NOT lend their access card, nor BORROW other peoples access card.	
Users are NOT to bring "friends" or "colleagues" into the NMR lab without (a) prior arrangement	
with a NMR staff and (b) appropriate safety induction of the second person.	
The telephone in the NMR lab may be used in the event of an emergency. Users must make	
themselves aware of emergency contact details for security (Ext: 56666).	
The identity of the first aid officer and their contact number is located on the first aid box.	
If the Fire Alarm OR the Gas Panel Alarm are activated, EVERYONE MUST exit by the main door (B41)	
make their way to the grassed area behind the UNSW Business School.	
Samples are the responsibility of the users and the NMR Facility does not accept any	
responsibility for loss or damage of samples left in the facility	
Users must inform NMR Staff of ANY known highly hazardous NMR samples and provide a Risk	
Assessment for their handling. These samples can only be manually inserted and run on an ACLS	
bookable NMR instrument during NMR office hours (Mon-Fri, 10am-4 pm) with NMR Staff present	
unless otherwise pre-arranged.	
User must NOT prepare samples in the NMR lab, NO chemicals are to be disposed of in	
this facility. The NMR facility does not have a chemical waste disposal system.	
If a NMR tube breaks in the lab inform a staff immediately.	
Data is the responsibility of the users and the NMR Facility does not accept responsibility	
for loss or damage of data.	
Users must follow the provided Safe Working Procedures when using an instrument.	
Users MUST be familiar with the NMR's Risk Assessment.	
Training for ALL instruments may only be provided by NMR staff.	
Users must NOT provide training to other users.	
NMR staff will train new users on the auto-sample and also explains the rules in place.	
Users must NOT wear a lab coat or plastic and or latex gloves in the NMR lab.	
Users must NOT bring food or drinks into the NMR lab.	
Users must NOT perform any functions or use any instruments which they have not been trained on.	
A user/ user's supervisor will be charged for instrument time if they fail to turn up for booked	
sessions.	
Users must cancel unwanted sessions with >24hrs notice and inform NMR staff.	
Users must NOT install software on any of the unit's computers or change any settings on	
any computer in the unit.	
Users must NOT download music, multimedia files or other files not directly related to their	
research work through any of the unit's computers.	
NO INTERNET access on any of the instrument computers.	
NO USB devices on any of the instrument computers.	
Any work that is published or publicly presented, where all or a part of the work was undertaken	_
in the NMR Facility, should acknowledge the role of the UNSW NMR Facility in providing access	
or contributing to or assisting in the work.	
Access to this facility is a privilege which may be revoked if users do not operate instruments	
in the unit in a safe and responsible manner.	<u> </u>
Failure to comply with the above requirements will result in your NMR access being reviewed.	

Signatures	
Your signature:	NMR staff signature:
Date:	Date: